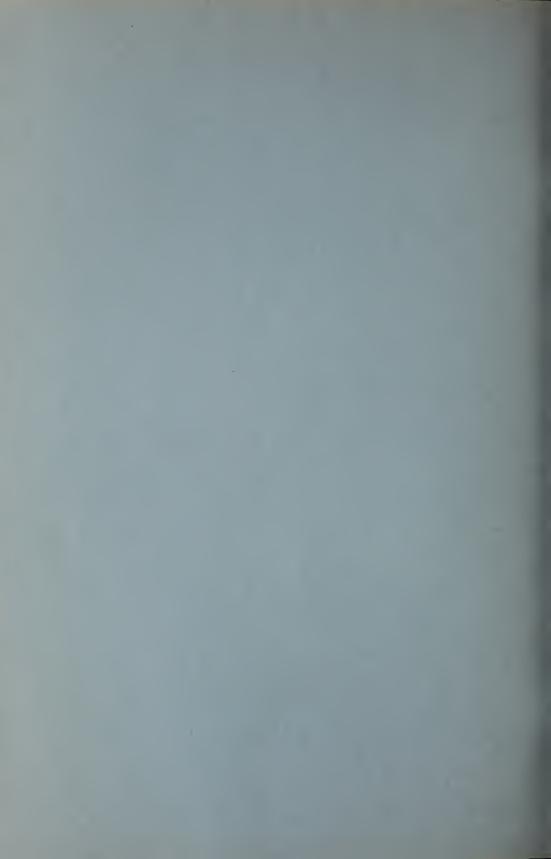
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#### BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

# State Industrial Farm Colony for Women KINSTON





#### BIENNIAL REPORT

OF THE

# State Industrial Farm Colony for Women KINSTON



FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1938

#### PERSONNEL

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

(Terms expire June 4, 1939)

REV. J. R. ROUNTREE, Chairman	Kinston
Mrs. G. V. Cowper, Secretary-Treasurer	Kinston
MISS GERTRUDE WEIL	Goldsboro
Mrs. Francis D. Winston	Windsor
ED. W. SUMMERSILL	Jacksonville

#### VISITING STAFF

THOS.	LESLIE	LEE,	M.D.,	F.A.G.S.	Medical	Director
GEO.	W. Pric	E, D.	D.S			Dentist

#### RESIDENT EXECUTIVE STAFF

ELSA ERNST	Superintendent
HELEN ROLLWAG	Budget Officer and Deputy

#### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

To His Excellency, Clyde R. Hoey, Governor, and the General Assembly of North Carolina.

#### GENTLEMEN:

We have the honor of submitting, herewith, the report of the State Industrial Farm Colony for Women, for the biennial period dating from July 1, 1936, through June 30, 1938.

Very truly yours,

REV. J. R. ROUNTREE,

Chairman

MRS. G. V. COWPER,

Secretary-Treasurer
of the Board of Directors.

#### REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT

To The Honorable Board of Directors of the State Industrial Farm Colony for Women:

During the past biennium the work of the institution has gone steadily forward. There were 138 new cases admitted from the courts of the State, and 18 paroled persons were returned for further training. These admissions, together with 20 other admissions and the return of 2 escapees, brought the total number of admissions up to 178 women.

At the same time, hundreds of other women who could become assets instead of liabilities to their communities were, and are, still drifting in and out of the jails of the State annually, becoming for the most part more and more degraded individually. Because the colony has no room for them, to give them the training which they need, they cannot be committed to us.

We are sometimes asked how long is our "waiting list" at the Colony? Obviously, a correctional institution such as the Colony has no long waiting list. If there is no room for a woman at the Colony she is committed to the jail instead. The jails of the State of North Carolina are our "waiting lists," and will continue to be so until additional dormitories are granted by the Legislature to enlarge the work of the Colony and care more adequately for the women misdemeanants of the State.

The Colony has a turnover annually of approximately twice its average population. It has been proved beyond a doubt in the past seven years of work here that an unduly long training program is not necessary in order to rehabilitate the average woman misdemeanant, provided the program is comprehensively and efficiently planned and carried out under the direction of trained and skilled workers. We do not believe in institutionalizing women. With an average daily population of slightly under 50 women (this was the limit set by the last Legislature) the Colony during the past biennium has paroled 171 cases. These women were under training at the Colony for an average period of six to eight months. Out of the 171 women, 4 are at present back in the institution, having been returned for further training. They are all four making good progress at the present time, and the prognosis for their future rehabilitation outside the institution is favorable.

Two women have died since leaving the Colony. Four others are now in the State Hospitals for the Insane, where they should have been sent directly in the first place instead of to the Colony. (Since the last Legislature we are permitted by law to refuse mentally deranged cases.) One seriously psychopathic case is now in the State Prison in Raleigh.

Out of the remaining total of 160 cases there are 13 cases only that must for the present be definitely considered failures. Out of these 13 cases 12 are feeble-minded, 9 of them having the mentality of an eight year old child, and 3 the mentality of a nine year old child. Only one of the 13 is normal mentally, and she eventually should be capable of rehabilitation.

In 19 cases the present adjustment is from fair to good, and in 113 cases the adjustment is from very good to excellent.

There are 15 cases whose present whereabouts are not definitely known. In 8 out of these 15 cases the prognosis was sufficiently good that we may assume from past experience with similar cases that a satisfactory adjustment is being made, and that these cases will presently come to light. This leaves 7 doubtful cases whose whereabouts are not known.

We have, therefore, during the past biennium thus far obtained superior results in 66% of cases (113 out of 171 cases) and fair to good results in approximately 16% of cases (27 cases). This gives us 82% of successful cases to date for the biennium.

At the request of Governor Hoey and Mr. Edwin Gill, Commissioner of Paroles, a complete survey is being made of over 500 cases paroled from the Colony since its inception. This survey is not yet completed, but as far as can be estimated at present, it will, in all probability, show between 70% and 80% of success for all cases admitted to the Colony.

These statistics are submitted as evidence of the real contribution which the Colony is making to the improvement of the citizenry of the State. It is gratifying to the Superintendent that, so far as the Board has been concerned, they have always given the Colony program their fullest co-operation and assistance. My staff join me in expressing sincerest thanks for your help and encouragement.

Respectfully submitted,

ELSA ERNST,
Superintendent.

#### MEDICAL STATISTICS

#### For the Two Years Ended June 30, 1937 and 1938

	YEARS	ENDED	
	June 30, 1937	June 30, 1938	
Admissions per year	96	7:	
Complete physical examinations	92	7:	
Wassermann examinations of admissions	92	7	
Additional Wassermann examinations (rechecks)	206	16-	
Total Wassermann examinations	298	23	
Positive syphilitic cases	24	2	
Number of positive carried over from June 30, 1936	14		
Syphilitic treatments:			
Intravenous	277	25	
Intramuscular	265	22	
Total number of syphilitic treatments	542	47	
Number of Wassermanns negative on discharge		1	
Number of Wassermanns negative after treatment to June 30, 1938 but still in			
institution			
Gonorrheal examinations of admissions	92	7	
Vaginal smears	92	7	
Urethral smears	92	7:	
Additional gonorrheal examinations:	32	'	
Vaginal smears	252	19	
Urethral smears	252	19	
Total number of gonorrheal examinations	344	26	
Positive gonorrheal cases	54	20.	
	585	24	
Gonorrheal vaccines		24.	
Number of G. C. positive on discharge	t		
Number of G. C. negative on discharge	54	2	
Number of G. C. negative after treatment but still in institution			
Minor treatments	2,312	1,60	
Stool examinations	78	5	
Positive hookworm cases	16	1:	
Hookworm treatments	16	1:	
Thyroid treatments	1		
Clinical patients	1,271	95	
Regular visits made by doctor	51	5	
Emergency calls made by doctor	2		
Average number of patients seen each visit		19	
Major operations	2		
Minor operations	4		
Hospitalizations		,	
Average weight on admission	125	130	
Average weight on dismissal	138	148	
Average weight of hookworm patients on admission	118	121	
Average weight of hookworm patients on dismissal (after treatments)	130	134	
Typhoid vaccinations	261	19	
Smallpox vaccinations	67	58	
Number of smallpox takes	14	10	
Infectious diseases			

#### REPORT OF MEDICAL DIRECTOR

The above statistical report again bespeaks an unusually healthy institution. This is due, no doubt, to the policy of a complete examination of each inmate on admittance and to the correction of minor ailments at this time. A very efficient resident nurse is in no small way responsible for this good report. There have been no epidemics at the institution for the past five years. The water supply is checked at regular intervals. At no time have harmful bacteria been reported. The kitchen, store rooms and dormitories have been inspected and at all times conform to sanitary requirements.

The venereal situation in the class of women admitted to the institution remains about the same. The number of cases of gonorrhea and syphilis is about the same as for the last biennium. A noteworthy fact is that no inmate has been discharged from the institution with a positive Wassermann test or a positive smear for gonorrhea.

The medical director wishes to extend sincere thanks to the entire personnel of the institution for their cooperation during the past biennium.

THOMAS LESLIE LEE, M.D.

#### DENTAL STATISTICS

#### For the Two Years Ended June 30, 1937 and 1938

	YEARS	ENDED
	June 30, 1937	June 30, 1938
Number of admissions per year	96	75
Number of dental examinations of admissions	92	72
Number showing positive Vincent's infection	62	58
Number negative for Vincent's infection after treatment.	53	55
Number of Vincent's tests (rechecks)	165	98
Total number of tests made for Vincent's infection	248	153
Total number positives carried over from June 30, 1936	17	
Number of Vincent's treatments given	776	67
Number positive, both syphilis and Vincent's angina	. 20	1:
Number of pyorrhea cases	. 22	2
Number of cavities of decay	. 224	24'
Number of extractions	. 40	5
Number of patients showing no cavities	. 23	1:
Number of partially erupted third molars	. 21	3
Number of dental plates made		
Total number of clinical patients	1,310	78
Total number of visits by dentist		5
Average number of patients seen each visit	. 26	1;

#### REPORT OF DENTIST

Out of one hundred and sixty four new admissions examined during the past biennium, one hundred and seventeen, that is, seventy-one per cent, were positive for Vincent's infection. These cases were treated until negative.

Re-checks are made on all inmates every two months. These re-checks include a microscopic smear for Vincent's infection, therefore the proposed addition of a microscope to the dental equipment will be a great aid in this respect.

Individual instruction in the care of the teeth are given each inmate. A close follow-up of these instructions by members of the staff result in a marked improvement in the condition and care of the teeth of all women while in the institution.

GEO. W. PRICE, D.D.S.

#### TABLE NO. 1

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

1.	Date of opening	April 3, 1929
2.	Plant:     Land—488 acres (96 farmed)	4.880.00
	Buildings Equipment	92,240.31 13,311.61
	Total value	110,431.92

		YEARS ENDED		
		1936-1937	1937-1938	
3.	Officers and employees in service at end of year:			
	Superintendent	1		
	Budget officer and secretary	1		
	Nurse	1		
	Dietitian	1		
	Housemothers	2		
	Farm teacher	1		
	Laundry teacher	1		
	Farm manager	1		
	Farm hands	2		
	Total	11		

### TABLE NO. 2 MOVEMENT OF POPULATION

	YEARS	YEARS ENDED		
PERSONS IN INSTITUTION	June 30, 1937	June 30, 1938		
Number in institution, first of year	64	52		
Admissions during year:				
Received from courts	1	65		
Paroled persons returned	12	į		
Escaped persons returned	2			
Transferred from other institutions				
Other admissions	9	11		
Total admissions to institution	96	82		
Total number of persons taken care of in institution during year	160	134		
Separations during year:				
Paroles	95	76		
Transferred to other institutions	1			
Escapes	5	5		
Deaths				
Other dispositions	7	9		
Total separations from institution during year	108	90		
Number in institution at end of year	52	44		
Number in institution at end of year	32			
Average daily resident population during yearNormal capacity	61.09	47.84 60		
MOVEMENT OF POPULATION BY CASES				
Total cases, first of year, both in institution and on parole		194 65		
Total cases cared for during year	260	259		
Number of cases discharged during year		52		
Total cases with institutional obligation, end of year	194	207		
SUMMARY				
In institution, end of yearOn parole, end of year	52 142	44		
		207		



## INDUSTRIAL FARM COLONY FOR WOMEN KINSTON

#### FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE TWO YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1937 AND 1938

#### Revenues and Expenditures

#### PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 1938

		Fiscal Year 1937-1938
REVENUES		
Appropriation July 1, 1937EXPENDITURES	\$	7,000.00
Household and kitchen equipment		355.62
Balance appropriation June 30, 1938	s	6,644.38

#### Revenues and Expenditures

#### MAINTENANCE FUND

#### For the Two Years Ended June 30, 1937 and 1938

		Fiscal Year 1936-1937		Fiscal Year 1937-1938
REVENUES				
Appropriation:				
Chapter 306 of P. L. 1935	\$	23,425.00	8	27,299.00
Chapter 99 of P. L. 1937				
Institutional Receipts:	- 1			
Sale of farm products		67.24		25.35
Transfer from 1936-1937 to 1937-1938 for ditching.	-			300.00
Miscellaneous refunds		316.90		405.36
Total revenues	\$	23,809.14	\$	28,029.71
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	\$	3,723.93	8	3,864.15
Custodial care		14,067.62		15,093.87
Operation and maintenance of plant		3,780.27		3,824.20
Additions and betterments		1,725.49		796.50
Total expenditures.	\$	23,297.31	\$	23,578.72
Balance reverted to General Fund	\$	511.83	\$	4,220.28

#### AVERAGE POPULATION AND MAINTENANCE PER CAPITA COST

#### For the Two Years Ended June 30, 1937 and 1938

Function .	Fiscal Year 1936-1937	Fiscal Year 1937-1938
Administration	60.96	80.77
Custodial care	230.28	315.51
Operation and maintenance of plant	61.88	79.94
Additions and betterments	28.24	16.65
Total	381.36	492.87
Average number of inmates	61.09	47.84

#### REPORT ON FARM PRODUCTION

·	Year Ended June 30, 1937	Year Ended June 30, 1938
PRODUCTS USED AS FOOD	_	
Fruits:		
Strawberries	2053/4 gallons	179¼ gallons
Cantaloupes		723
Watermelons	1,373	475
Grapes	7 bushels	9 bushels
Vegetables:		
Beans-snap	49 bushels	107 bushels
Beans-lima-	3 bushels	17 bushels
Beets	12 bushels	16 bushels
Broccoli		2 bushels
Cabbage	3,618 pounds	9,388 pounds
Carrots	30 bushels	33 bushels
Collards	30 22200	115 bushels
Corn—green	389 bushels	117 bushels
Cucumbers	67 bushels	64 bushels
Greens	172 bushels	21 bushels
Kale		47 bushels
Lettuce		12 bushels
Mustard		25 pounds
Okra	13 bushels	7 bushels
Onions	19 bushels	58 bushels
Peas—garden	3 bushels	15 bushels
Peas—field	33 bushels	10 Subneis
Peppers	oo bashels	
Potatoes—Irish	85 bushels	159 bushels
Potatoes—sweet	67 bushels	94 bushels
Radishes	4 bushels	5 bushels
Rutabagas	- 2 2000000	29 bushels
Squash	26 bushels	42 bushels
Spinach	1 bushels	5 bushels
Tomatoes	243 bushels	110 bushels
Turnip greens	ZIO DUSITEIS	39 bushels
Turnips	83 bushels	95 bushels

#### REPORT ON FARM PRODUCTION—Continued

	Year Ended June 30, 1937	June 30, 1938
PRODUCTS USED AS FOOD		
Eggs and Milk:		
Eggs	1,472 dozen	1,698 dozen
Milk	2,601 gallons	2,871 gallons
Meat:		
Veal		86 pounds
Pork (fresh)	415 pounds	4,214 pounds
Pork (smoked)	3,400 pounds	1,941 pounds
Chickens	644 ponuds	469 pounds
Shortening:		
Butter		70 pounds
Lard		73 pounds
PRODUCTS USED ON FARM		
Corn	760 bushels	538 bushels
Soybeans	70 bushels	54 bushels
Hay	15 tons	22 tons
Waste to hogs		144 bushels
Potatoes	71 bushels	
Greens	25 bushels	
Turnips	10 bushels	
Cucumbers	10 bushels	

#### CANNING REPORT

	Year Ended June 30, 1937	Year Ended June 30, 1938
Fruits:		-
Strawberries	100 gallons	
Watermelons	39 gallons	11 gallons
Cantaloupes	5 gallons	
Peaches		280 gallons
Vegetables:		_
Beans—snap.	26 gallons	441 gallons
Beans—lima	4 gallons	
Beets		7 gallons
-Cabbage	_	555 gallons
·Carrots	25 gallons	45 gallons
Corn	70 gallons	102 gallons
Peas	10 gallons	
Tomatoes	277 gallons	290 gallons
Squash	2 gallons	104 gallons
Cucumber pickle	22 gallons	120 gallons
Chili Sauce	12 gallons	
Turnips		212 gallons
Total	592 gallons	2,167 gallons

### Date Due

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